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RFC 9719

YANG Data Model for Routing in Fat Trees (RIFT)

Abstract

This document defines a YANG data model for the configuration and management of the Routing in Fat Trees (RIFT) Protocol. The model is based on YANG 1.1, which is defined in RFC 7950 and conforms to the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) as described in RFC 8342.

Status of This Memo

This is an Internet Standards Track document.

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1. Introduction

[RFC9692] introduces the protocol definition of RIFT. This document defines one NMDA-compatible [RFC8342] YANG 1.1 [RFC7950] data model for the management of the RIFT protocol. This model imports and augments the ietf-routing YANG data model defined in [RFC8349].

1.1. Terminology

The following terminology and abbreviations are used in this document and the defined model.

The content is copied from [\[RFC9692\]](#) for reading convenience.

Clos / Fat Tree:

This document uses the terms "Clos" and "Fat Tree" interchangeably where it always refers to a folded spine-and-leaf topology with possibly multiple Points of Delivery (PoDs) and one or multiple Top of Fabric (ToF) planes.

RIFT:

Routing in Fat Trees [\[RFC9692\]](#).

LIE:

This is an acronym for a "Link Information Element" exchanged on all the system's links running RIFT to form *ThreeWay* adjacencies and carry information used to perform RIFT Zero Touch Provisioning (ZTP) of levels.

Point of Delivery (PoD):

A self-contained vertical slice or subset of a Clos or Fat Tree network normally containing only level 0 and level 1 nodes. A node in a PoD communicates with nodes in other PoDs via the ToF nodes. PoDs are numbered to distinguish them, and PoD value 0 is used to denote "undefined" or "any" PoD.

ThreeWay Adjacency:

RIFT tries to form a unique adjacency between two nodes over a point-to-point interface and exchange local configuration and necessary RIFT ZTP information. An adjacency is only advertised in Node TIEs and used for computations after it achieved *ThreeWay* state, i.e., both routers reflected each other in LIEs, including relevant security information. Nevertheless, LIEs before *ThreeWay* state is reached may carry RIFT ZTP related information already.

TIEs:

This is an acronym for a "Topology Information Element". TIEs are exchanged between RIFT nodes to describe parts of a network such as links and address prefixes. A TIE has always a direction and a type. North TIEs (sometimes abbreviated as N-TIEs) are used when dealing with TIEs in the northbound representation, and South TIEs (sometimes abbreviated as S-TIEs) for the southbound equivalent. TIEs have different types, such as node and prefix TIEs.

Top of Fabric (ToF):

The set of nodes that provide inter-PoD communication and have no northbound adjacencies, i.e., are at the "very top" of the fabric. ToF nodes do not belong to any PoD and are assigned the default PoD value to indicate the equivalent of "any" PoD.

1.2. Conventions Used in This Document

The key words "MUST", "MUST NOT", "REQUIRED", "SHALL", "SHALL NOT", "SHOULD", "SHOULD NOT", "RECOMMENDED", "NOT RECOMMENDED", "MAY", and "OPTIONAL" in this document are to be interpreted as described in BCP 14 [\[RFC2119\]](#) [\[RFC8174\]](#) when, and only when, they appear in all capitals, as shown here.

1.3. Tree Diagrams

Tree diagrams used in this document follow the notation defined in [\[RFC8340\]](#).

1.4. Prefixes in Data Node Names

In this document, names of data nodes, actions, and other data model objects are often used without a prefix, as long as it is clear from the context in which YANG module each name is defined. Otherwise, names are prefixed using the standard prefix associated with the corresponding YANG module as shown in [Table 1](#).

Prefix	YANG Module	Reference
yang	ietf-yang-types	[RFC6991]
inet	ietf-inet-types	[RFC6991]
rt	ietf-routing	[RFC8349]
if	ietf-interfaces	[RFC8343]
rt-types	ietf-routing-types	[RFC8294]
iana-rt-types	iana-routing-types	[RFC8294]
key-chain	ietf-key-chain	[RFC8177]

Table 1

2. Design of the Data Model

2.1. Scope of Model

This model can be used to configure and manage the RIFT protocol. The operational state data and statistics can be retrieved by this model. The subscription and push mechanism defined in [\[RFC8639\]](#) and [\[RFC8641\]](#) can be implemented by the user to subscribe to notifications on the data nodes in this model.

The model contains all the basic configuration parameters to operate the protocol. Depending on the implementation choices, some systems may not allow some of the advanced parameters to be configurable. The occasionally implemented parameters are modeled as optional features in this model. This model can be extended, and it has been structured in a way that such extensions can be conveniently made.

The RIFT YANG module augments the `/routing/control-plane-protocols/ control-plane-protocol` path defined in the `ietf-routing` module. This model augments the routing module to add RIFT as a control-plane protocol. It then offers the ability to create a list of instances, which it does by declaring `'list rift'`. Multiple instances of the protocol are supported by the module by giving each instance a unique name.

2.2. Specification

This model imports and augments `ietf-routing` YANG model defined in [RFC8349]. The container `"rift"` is the top-level container in this data model. The container is expected to enable RIFT protocol functionality.

The YANG data model defined in this document conforms to the Network Management Datastore Architecture (NMDA) [RFC8342]. The operational state data is combined with the associated configuration data in the same hierarchy [RFC8407].

2.3. Overview

The RIFT YANG module defined in this document has all the common building blocks for the RIFT protocol.

At a high level, the RIFT YANG model is organized into five elements:

base protocol configuration -- Configuration affecting RIFT protocol-related operations.

interface configuration -- Configuration affecting the interface operations.

neighbor status -- Information of neighbors.

database -- Information of TIEs.

statistics -- Statistics of SPF, interface, and neighbor.

```

module: ietf-rift
  augment /rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols
    /rt:control-plane-protocol:
      +--rw rift* [name]
        +--rw name          string
        +--rw global
          | +--ro node-level?          level
          | +--rw system-id           system-id
          | +--rw fabric-id?          uint16
          | +--rw pod?                uint32
          | +--rw fabric-prefix?      inet:ip-prefix
          | +--rw fabric-prefix-advertise? boolean
          | +--rw configured-level?   level
          | +--rw overload
          | | +--rw overload?          boolean
          | | +--rw (timeout-type)?
          | | | +--:(on-startup)
          | | | | +--rw on-startup-timeout?
          | | | | | rt-types:timer-value-seconds16

```

```

| | +--:(immediate)
| | | +---rw immediate-timeout?
| | | | rt-types:timer-value-seconds16
+--ro proto-major-ver uint8
+--ro proto-minor-ver uint16
+--rw node-capabilities
| | +---rw hierarchy-indications? enumeration
| | +---rw flood-reduction? boolean
+--rw maximum-nonce-delta? uint8
| | {nonce-delta-adjust}?
+--rw nonce-increasing-interval? uint16
+--rw adjusted-lifetime?
| | rt-types:timer-value-seconds16
+--rw rx-lie-multicast-addr
| | +---rw ipv4? inet:ipv4-address
| | +---rw ipv6? inet:ipv6-address
+--rw tx-lie-multicast-addr
| | +---rw ipv4? inet:ipv4-address
| | +---rw ipv6? inet:ipv6-address
+--rw lie-tx-port? inet:port-number
+--rw global-link-capabilities
| | +---rw bfd-capable? boolean
| | +---rw v4-forwarding-capable? boolean
| | +---rw mtu-size? uint32
+--rw tide-generation-interval?
| | rt-types:timer-value-seconds16
+--rw tie-security* [security-type] {tie-security}?
| | +---rw security-type enumeration
| | +---rw shared? boolean
| | +---rw (auth-key-chain)?
| | | +---:(auth-key-chain)
| | | | +---rw key-chain? key-chain:key-chain-ref
| | | +---:(auth-key-explicit)
| | | | +---rw key? string
| | | | +---rw crypto-algorithm? identityref
+--rw inner-security-key-id? uint8
+--rw algorithm-type? enumeration
+--ro hal
| | +---ro hal-value? level
| | +---ro system-ids* system-id
+--ro miscabled-links* uint32
+--rw hop-limit? uint8
+--rw maximum-clock-delta? ieee802-1as-timestamp
+--rw interfaces* [name]
| | +---ro link-id? uint32
| | +--rw name if:interface-ref
| | +--rw cost? uint32
| | +--rw rx-flood-port? inet:port-number
| | +--rw holdtime?
| | | rt-types:timer-value-seconds16
+--rw address-families*
| | iana-rt-types:address-family
+--rw advertised-source-addr
| | +---rw ipv4? inet:ipv4-address-no-zone
| | +---rw ipv6? inet:ipv6-address-no-zone
+--ro link-direction-type? enumeration
+--rw broadcast-capable? boolean
+--rw allow-horizontal-link? boolean

```

```

+--rw security {link-security}?
| +--rw security-type?          enumeration
| +--rw shared?                 boolean
| +--rw (auth-key-chain)?
|   +--:(auth-key-chain)
|     | +--rw key-chain?        key-chain:key-chain-ref
|     +--:(auth-key-explicit)
|       +--rw key?              string
|       +--rw crypto-algorithm? identityref
+--rw security-checking?        enumeration
+--ro was-the-last-lie-accepted? boolean
+--ro last-lie-reject-reason?   string
+--ro advertised-in-lies
| +--ro label?                  uint32
| | {label-switching}?
| +--ro you-are-flood-repeater? boolean
| +--ro not-a-ztp-offer?        boolean
| +--ro you-are-sending-too-quickly? boolean
+--rw link-capabilities
| +--rw bfd-capable?            boolean
| +--rw v4-forwarding-capable?  boolean
| +--rw mtu-size?               uint32
+--ro state                      enumeration
+--ro neighbors* [system-id]
| +--ro node-level?             level
| +--ro system-id                system-id
| +--ro fabric-id?              uint16
| +--ro pod?                     uint32
| +--ro proto-major-ver?        uint8
| +--ro proto-minor-ver?        uint16
| +--ro sent-offer
| | +--ro level?                 level
| | +--ro not-a-ztp-offer?      boolean
+--ro received-offer
| +--ro level?                   level
| +--ro not-a-ztp-offer?        boolean
| +--ro best?                    boolean
| +--ro removed-from-consideration? boolean
| +--ro removal-reason?         string
+--ro received-source-addr
| +--ro ipv4?                    inet:ipv4-address-no-zone
| +--ro ipv6?                    inet:ipv6-address-no-zone
+--ro link-id-pair* [remote-id]
| +--ro local-id?                uint32
| +--ro remote-id                uint32
| +--ro if-index?                uint32
| +--ro if-name?                 if:interface-ref
| +--ro address-families*
| | iana-rt-types:address-family
+--ro cost?                       uint32
+--ro bandwidth?                  uint32
+--ro received-link-capabilities
| +--ro bfd-capable?            boolean
| +--ro v4-forwarding-capable?  boolean
| +--ro mtu-size?               uint32
+--ro received-in-lies
| +--ro label?                   uint32
| | {label-switching}?

```

```

| | | +--ro you-are-flood-repeater?      boolean
| | | +--ro not-a-ztp-offer?            boolean
| | | +--ro you-are-sending-too-quickly? boolean
+--ro nbr-flood-port?                  inet:port-number
+--ro tx-flood-port?                   inet:port-number
+--ro bfd-state?                       enumeration
+--ro outer-security-key-id?           uint8
+--ro local-nonce?                     uint16
+--ro remote-nonce?                    uint16
+---x clear-neighbor
+---x clear-all-neighbors
+--ro statistics
+--ro global
| +--ro total-num-routes-north?
| | yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro total-num-routes-south?
| yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro spf-statistics* [spf-direction-type]
| +--ro spf-direction-type             enumeration
+--ro start-time?                      yang:date-and-time
+--ro end-time?                        yang:date-and-time
+--ro triggering-tie
| +--ro tie-direction-type?           enumeration
| +--ro originator?                  system-id
| +--ro tie-type?                     enumeration
| +--ro tie-number?                   uint32
| +--ro seq?                          uint64
| +--ro size?                         uint32
| +--ro origination-time?             ieee802-1as-timestamp
| +--ro origination-lifetime?         uint32
| +--ro remaining-lifetime?           uint32
+---x clear-spf-statistics
+--ro interfaces* [name]
+--ro name                             if:interface-ref
+--ro intf-states-statistics
| +--ro intf-states-startup-time?     uint64
+--ro num-of-nbrs-3way?
| yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro num-of-nbrs-down?
| yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro nbrs-down-reasons* [system-id]
| +--ro system-id                     system-id
| +--ro last-down-reason?             string
+--ro num-local-level-change?
| yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro number-of-flaps?
| yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro last-state-change?              yang:date-and-time
+--ro last-up?                        yang:date-and-time
+--ro last-down?                      yang:date-and-time
+--ro intf-lie-states
| +--ro last-lie-sent-time?            uint64
| +--ro last-lie-received-time?       uint64
+--ro num-lie-received?
| yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro num-lie-transmitted?
| yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro num-lie-drop-invalid-envelope?

```



```

|         |         |         |         yang:zero-based-counter32
|         |         |         |         +---ro num-lie-drop-invalid-nonce?
|         |         |         |         |         yang:zero-based-counter32
|         |         |         |         +---ro num-lie-corrupted?
|         |         |         |         |         yang:zero-based-counter32
|         |         |         |         +---ro flood-repeater-statistics
|         |         |         |         |         +---ro flood-repeater?                 system-id
|         |         |         |         |         +---ro num-flood-repeater-changes?
|         |         |         |         |         |         yang:zero-based-counter32
|         |         |         |         |         +---ro last-flood-repeater-change-reason? string
|         |         |         |         +---x clear-intf-statistics
+---ro neighbors* [system-id]
+---ro system-id                 system-id
+---ro tie-state-statistics
|   +---ro transmit-queue?
|   |   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro last-queued-tie
|   +---ro tie-direction-type?   enumeration
|   +---ro originator?          system-id
|   +---ro tie-type?            enumeration
|   +---ro tie-number?          uint32
|   +---ro seq?                 uint64
|   +---ro size?                uint32
|   +---ro origination-time?
|   |   ieee802-1as-timestamp
|   +---ro origination-lifetime? uint32
|   +---ro remaining-lifetime?   uint32
|   +---ro reason-queued?       string
+---ro num-received-ties?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-transmitted-ties?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-retransmitted-ties?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-flood-reduced-ties?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-received-tides?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-transmitted-tides?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-received-tires?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-transmitted-tires?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-request-locally?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-request-remotely?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-same-older-ties-received?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro num-seq-mismatch-pkts-received?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+---ro last-sent-tie
|   +---ro tie-direction-type?   enumeration
|   +---ro originator?          system-id
|   +---ro tie-type?            enumeration
|   +---ro tie-number?          uint32
|   +---ro seq?                 uint64

```

```

+--ro size?                               uint32
+--ro origination-time?
|   ieee802-1as-timestamp
+--ro origination-lifetime?               uint32
+--ro remaining-lifetime?                  uint32
+--ro last-tie-sent-time?                  yang:date-and-time
+--ro last-recv-tie
+--ro tie-direction-type?                  enumeration
+--ro originator?                          system-id
+--ro tie-type?                             enumeration
+--ro tie-number?                           uint32
+--ro seq?                                  uint64
+--ro size?                                 uint32
+--ro origination-time?
|   ieee802-1as-timestamp
+--ro origination-lifetime?               uint32
+--ro remaining-lifetime?                  uint32
+--ro last-tie-recv-time?                  yang:date-and-time
+--ro largest-tie
+--ro largest-tie-sent
|   +--ro tie-direction-type?              enumeration
|   +--ro originator?                      system-id
|   +--ro tie-type?                         enumeration
|   +--ro tie-number?                       uint32
|   +--ro seq?                              uint64
|   +--ro size?                             uint32
|   +--ro origination-time?
|   |   ieee802-1as-timestamp
|   +--ro origination-lifetime?            uint32
|   +--ro remaining-lifetime?              uint32
+--ro largest-tide-sent
|   +--ro tie-direction-type?              enumeration
|   +--ro originator?                      system-id
|   +--ro tie-type?                         enumeration
|   +--ro tie-number?                       uint32
|   +--ro seq?                              uint64
|   +--ro size?                             uint32
|   +--ro origination-time?
|   |   ieee802-1as-timestamp
|   +--ro origination-lifetime?            uint32
|   +--ro remaining-lifetime?              uint32
+--ro largest-tire-sent
+--ro tie-direction-type?                  enumeration
+--ro originator?                          system-id
+--ro tie-type?                             enumeration
+--ro tie-number?                           uint32
+--ro seq?                                  uint64
+--ro size?                                 uint32
+--ro origination-time?
|   ieee802-1as-timestamp
+--ro origination-lifetime?               uint32
+--ro remaining-lifetime?                  uint32
+--ro num-tie-dropped
+--ro num-tie-outer-envelope?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro num-tie-inner-envelope?
|   yang:zero-based-counter32
+--ro num-tie-nonce?

```

```

|      |      yang:zero-based-counter32
|      +---x clear-nbr-statistics
+--ro database
  +--ro ties*
    [tie-direction-type originator tie-type tie-number]
    +--ro tie-direction-type      enumeration
    +--ro originator                system-id
    +--ro tie-type                  enumeration
    +--ro tie-number                uint32
    +--ro seq?                      uint64
    +--ro size?                    uint32
    +--ro origination-time?        ieee802-1as-timestamp
    +--ro origination-lifetime?    uint32
    +--ro remaining-lifetime?      uint32
    +--ro node
      +--ro level?                  level
      +--ro neighbors* [system-id]
        +--ro node-level?          level
        +--ro system-id            system-id
        +--ro fabric-id?          uint16
        +--ro pod?                 uint32
        +--ro link-id-pair* [remote-id]
          +--ro local-id?          uint32
          +--ro remote-id         uint32
          +--ro if-index?         uint32
          +--ro if-name?          if:interface-ref
          +--ro address-families*
            iana-rt-types:address-family
          +--ro cost?              uint32
          +--ro bandwidth?        uint32
          +--ro received-link-capabilities
            +--ro bfd-capable?    boolean
            +--ro v4-forwarding-capable? boolean
            +--ro mtu-size?       uint32
        +--ro proto-minor-ver?    uint16
        +--ro flood-reduction?    boolean
        +--ro hierarchy-indications
          +--ro hierarchy-indications? enumeration
        +--ro overload-flag?      boolean
        +--ro name?              string
        +--ro pod?               uint32
        +--ro startup-time?       uint64
        +--ro miscabled-links*    uint32
        +--ro same-plane-tofs*    system-id
        +--ro fabric-id?         uint32
    +--ro prefixes
      +--ro prefixes* [prefix]
        +--ro prefix              inet:ip-prefix
        +--ro tie-type?           enumeration
        +--ro metric?             uint32
        +--ro tags*               uint64
        +--ro monotonic-clock
          +--ro prefix-sequence-type
            +--ro timestamp
              ieee802-1as-timestamp
            +--ro transaction-id? uint8
        +--ro loopback?           boolean
        +--ro directly-attached? boolean

```

```

        |      +--ro from-link?          uint32
        |      +--ro label?             uint32
        +--ro key-value
            +--ro key?      binary
            +--ro value?   binary

notifications:
  +---n error-set
    +--ro tie-level-error
      | +--ro rift* [name]
      | |   +--ro name      string
      | |   +--ro ties* [originator]
      | |   |   +--ro tie-direction-type?  enumeration
      | |   |   +--ro originator          system-id
      | |   |   +--ro tie-type?          enumeration
      | |   |   +--ro tie-number?       uint32
      | |   |   +--ro seq?              uint64
      | |   |   +--ro size?             uint32
      | |   |   +--ro origination-time?  ieee802-1as-timestamp
      | |   |   +--ro origination-lifetime? uint32
      | |   |   +--ro remaining-lifetime? uint32
    +--ro neighbor-error
      +--ro rift* [name]
        +--ro name      string
        +--ro interfaces* [name]
          +--ro link-id?  uint32
          +--ro name      if:interface-ref
          +--ro neighbors* [system-id]
            +--ro system-id  system-id
            +--ro node-level? level

```

2.4. RIFT Configuration

The RIFT configuration includes node global configuration and interface configuration. Some features can be used to enhance protocols, such as BFD [RFC5881] with flooding reduction (Section 6.3.9 of [RFC9692]).

2.5. RIFT States

The state data nodes include node, interface, neighbor, and database information.

YANG actions are defined to clear the connection of one specific neighbor on an interface, clear the connections of all neighbors on an interface, or clear some or all statistics.

2.6. Notifications

Unexpected TIE and neighbor layer errors should be notified.

3. RIFT YANG Module

This module references [RFC9692], [RFC5881], [RFC6991], [RFC8177], [RFC8294], [RFC8343], [RFC8349], [RFC8505], and [IEEE8021AS].

```
<CODE BEGINS> file "ietf-rift@2025-01-15.yang"

module ietf-rift {
  yang-version 1.1;
  namespace "urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-rift";
  prefix rift;

  import ietf-inet-types {
    prefix inet;
    reference
      "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types";
  }
  import ietf-yang-types {
    prefix yang;
    reference
      "RFC 6991: Common YANG Data Types";
  }
  import ietf-routing {
    prefix rt;
    reference
      "RFC 8349: A YANG Data Model for Routing Management
      (NMDA Version)";
  }
  import ietf-interfaces {
    prefix if;
    reference
      "RFC 8343: A YANG Data Model for Interface Management";
  }
  import ietf-routing-types {
    prefix rt-types;
    reference
      "RFC 8294: Common YANG Data Types for the Routing Area";
  }
  import iana-routing-types {
    prefix iana-rt-types;
    reference
      "RFC 8294: Common YANG Data Types for the Routing Area";
  }
  import ietf-key-chain {
    prefix key-chain;
    reference
      "RFC 8177: YANG Data Model for Key Chains";
  }

  organization
    "IETF RIFT (Routing In Fat Trees) Working Group";
  contact
    "WG Web: <https://datatracker.ietf.org/wg/rift/>
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description
"This YANG module defines the generic configuration and
operational state for the RIFT protocol common to all
vendor implementations. It is intended that the module
will be extended by vendors to define vendor-specific
RIFT configuration parameters and policies --
for example, route maps or route policies.

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This version of this YANG module is part of RFC 9719
(https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc9719); see the RFC itself
for full legal notices.

The key words 'MUST', 'MUST NOT', 'REQUIRED', 'SHALL', 'SHALL
NOT', 'SHOULD', 'SHOULD NOT', 'RECOMMENDED', 'NOT RECOMMENDED',
'MAY', and 'OPTIONAL' in this document are to be interpreted as
described in BCP 14 (RFC 2119) (RFC 8174) when, and only when,
they appear in all capitals, as shown here.";

revision 2025-01-15 {
  description
    "Initial revision.";
  reference
    "RFC 9719: YANG Data Model for Routing in Fat Trees
    (RIFT).";
}

/*
 * Features
 */

feature nonce-delta-adjust {
  description
    "Support weak nonce delta adjusting that is used in
    security.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
    Section 6.9.";
}

feature label-switching {
  description
```

```
    "Support label switching for instance distinguishing.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
     Section 6.8.8";
}

feature tie-security {
  description
    "Support security function for the TIE exchange.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
     Section 6.9.3.";
}

feature link-security {
  description
    "Support security function of link.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
     Section 6.9.";
}

typedef system-id {
  type string {
    pattern
      '[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}\.[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}\.[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}\.[0-9A-Fa-f]{4}';
  }
  description
    "This type defines the pattern for RIFT System IDs.
     An example of a System ID is 0021.2FFF.FEB5.6E10.";
}

typedef level {
  type uint8 {
    range "0 .. 24";
  }
  default "0";
  description
    "The value of node level.
     Clos and Fat Tree networks are topologically partially
     ordered graphs and 'level' denotes the set of nodes at
     the same height in such a network.
     Nodes at the top level (i.e., ToF) are at the level with
     the highest value and count down to the nodes
     at the bottom level (i.e., leaf) with the lowest value.
     In RIFT, level 0 always indicates that a node is a leaf,
     but does not have to be level 0.
     Level values can be configured manually or automatically
     derived.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
     Section 6.7.";
}

typedef ieee802-1as-timestamp {
  type uint64;
  units "seconds";
  description
```

```
        "Timestamp per IEEE802.1AS. It is advertised with prefix
        to achieve mobility.";
    reference
        "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees. Section 6.8.4.
        IEEE8021AS: Timing and Synchronization for Time-Sensitive
        Applications in Bridged Local Area Networks";
    }

/*
 * Identity
 */

identity rift {
    base rt:routing-protocol;
    description
        "Identity for the RIFT routing protocol.";
    reference
        "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees";
}

/*
 * Groupings
 */

grouping address-families {
    leaf-list address-families {
        type iana-rt-types:address-family;
        description
            "Indication which address families are up on the
            interface.";
    }
    description
        "Containing address families on the interface.";
}

grouping hierarchy-indications {
    leaf hierarchy-indications {
        type enumeration {
            enum leaf-only {
                description
                    "The node will never leave the
                    'bottom of the hierarchy'.
                    When this value is set, the 'configured-level'
                    is the minimum level value.";
            }
            enum leaf-only-and-leaf-2-leaf-procedures {
                description
                    "This means leaf to leaf.
                    When this value is set, the 'configured-level'
                    is the minimum level value.";
            }
            enum top-of-fabric {
                description
                    "The node is 'top of fabric'.
                    When this value is set, the 'configured-level'
                    is the maximum level value.";
            }
        }
    }
}
```



```
    description
      "The hierarchy indications of this node.";
  }
  description
    "Flags indicating node configuration in case of ZTP.";
}

grouping node-capability {
  leaf proto-minor-ver {
    type uint16;
    description
      "Represents the minor protocol encoding schema
      version of this node.";
  }
  leaf flood-reduction {
    type boolean;
    description
      "If the value is set to 'true', it means that
      this node enables the flood reduction function.";
  }
  container hierarchy-indications {
    config false;
    description
      "The hierarchy-indications of the node.";
    uses hierarchy-indications;
  }
  description
    "The supported capabilities of this node.";
}

grouping tie-type {
  leaf tie-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum illegal {
        description
          "The illegal TIE.";
      }
      enum min-tie-type {
        description
          "The minimum TIE.";
      }
      enum node {
        description
          "The node TIE.";
      }
      enum prefix {
        description
          "The prefix TIE.";
      }
      enum positive-disaggregation-prefix {
        description
          "The positive disaggregation prefix TIE.";
      }
      enum negative-disaggregation-prefix {
        description
          "The negative disaggregation prefix TIE.";
      }
      enum pgp-prefix {
```

```

        description
            "The policy guide prefix TIE.";
    }
    enum key-value {
        description
            "The key value TIE.";
    }
    enum external-prefix {
        description
            "The external prefix TIE.";
    }
    enum positive-external-disaggregation-prefix {
        description
            "The positive external disaggregation prefix TIE.";
    }
    enum max-tie-type {
        description
            "The maximum TIE.";
    }
    }
    description
        "The types of TIE.";
}
description
    "The types of TIE.";
}

grouping prefix-attribute {
    leaf metric {
        type uint32;
        description
            "The metric of this prefix.";
    }
    leaf-list tags {
        type uint64;
        description
            "The tags of this prefix.";
    }
    container monotonic-clock {
        container prefix-sequence-type {
            leaf timestamp {
                type ieee802-1as-timestamp;
                mandatory true;
                description
                    "The timestamp per 802.1AS can be advertised
                    with the desired prefix North TIEs.";
            }
            leaf transaction-id {
                type uint8;
                description
                    "As per RFC 8505, a sequence number called a
                    Transaction ID (TID) with a prefix can be
                    advertised.";
                reference
                    "RFC 8505: Registration Extensions for IPv6 over
                    Low-Power Wireless Personal Area Network (6LoWPAN)
                    Neighbor Discovery";
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        description
            "The prefix sequence attribute that can be advertised
            for mobility.";
        reference
            "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
            Section 6.8.4.";
    }
    description
        "The monotonic clock for mobile addresses.";
}
leaf loopback {
    type boolean;
    description
        "If the value is set to 'true', it
        indicates if the interface is a node loopback.
        The node's loopback address can be injected into
        Prefix North and Prefix South TIEs for node reachability.";
    reference
        "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
        Section 6.4.";
}
leaf directly-attached {
    type boolean;
    description
        "If the value is set to 'true', it indicates that the
        prefix is directly attached, i.e., should be routed to
        even if the node is in overload.";
}
leaf from-link {
    type uint32;
    description
        "In case of locally originated prefixes,
        i.e., interface addresses this can describe which
        link the address belongs to.";
}
leaf label {
    type uint32;
    description
        "Per prefix significant label.";
    reference
        "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees";
}
description
    "The attributes of the prefix.";
}

grouping security {
    leaf security-type {
        type enumeration {
            enum public {
                description
                    "When using Public Key Infrastructure (PKI),
                    the public and shared key can be used to verify
                    the original packet exchanged with the neighbor.";
            }
            enum private {
                description
                    "When using Public Key Infrastructure (PKI),

```

```

        the private key can be used by the Security
        fingerprint originating node to create the signature.";
    }
}
description
    "The security type.";
reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
    Section 6.9.";
}
leaf shared {
    type boolean;
    description
        "When using Public Key Infrastructure (PKI),
        if the key is shared.";
    reference
        "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
        Section 6.9.";
}
choice auth-key-chain {
    description
        "Key chain or explicit key parameter specification.";
    case auth-key-chain {
        leaf key-chain {
            type key-chain:key-chain-ref;
            description
                "key-chain name.";
            reference
                "RFC 8177: YANG Data Model for Key Chains";
        }
    }
    case auth-key-explicit {
        leaf key {
            type string;
            description
                "Authentication key. The length of the key may be
                dependent on the cryptographic algorithm.";
        }
        leaf crypto-algorithm {
            type identityref {
                base key-chain:crypto-algorithm;
            }
            description
                "Cryptographic algorithm associated with key.";
            reference
                "RFC 8177: YANG Data Model for Key Chains";
        }
    }
}
description
    "The security parameters.";
}

grouping base-node-info {
    leaf node-level {
        type level;
        config false;
        description

```

```
    "The level of this node.";
  }
  leaf system-id {
    type system-id;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Each node is identified via a system-id that is 64
        bits wide.";
  }
  leaf fabric-id {
    type uint16;
    description
      "The optional id of the fabric.";
  }
  leaf pod {
    type uint32 {
      range "1..max";
    }
    description
      "The identifier of the Point of Delivery (PoD).
        A PoD is the self-contained vertical slice of a
        Clos or Fat Tree network containing normally only leaf
        nodes (level 0) and their immediate northbound
        neighbors. It communicates with nodes
        in other PoDs via the spine. Making this leaf
        unspecified indicates that the PoD is 'undefined'.";
  }
  description
    "The base information of a node.";
} // base-node-info

grouping link-capabilities {
  leaf bfd-capable {
    type boolean;
    default "true";
    description
      "If this value is set to 'true', it means that
        BFD function is enabled on the neighbor.";
    reference
      "RFC 5881: Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD)
        for IPv4 and IPv6 (Single Hop)";
  }
  leaf v4-forwarding-capable {
    type boolean;
    default "true";
    description
      "If this value is set to 'true', it means that
        the neighbor supports v4 forwarding.";
  }
  leaf mtu-size {
    type uint32;
    default "1400";
    description
      "MTU of the link.";
  }
  description
    "The features of neighbor.";
} // link-capabilities
```

```
grouping addresses {
  leaf ipv4 {
    type inet:ipv4-address-no-zone;
    description
      "IPv4 address to be used.";
  }
  leaf ipv6 {
    type inet:ipv6-address-no-zone;
    description
      "IPv6 address to be used.";
  }
  description
    "IPv4 and/or IPv6 address to be used.";
}

grouping lie-elements {
  leaf label {
    if-feature "label-switching";
    type uint32;
    description
      "A locally significant, downstream assigned by
       the neighbor, interface-specific label that may
       be advertised in its LIEs.";
    reference
      "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
       Section 6.8.8.";
  }
  leaf you-are-flood-repeater {
    type boolean;
    description
      "If the neighbor on this link is flooding repeater.
       When this value is set to 'true', the value can be
       carried in exchanged packet.";
    reference
      "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
       Section 6.3.9.";
  }
  leaf not-a-ztp-offer {
    type boolean;
    description
      "When this value is set to 'true', the flag can be
       carried in the LIE packet. When the value received
       in the LIE from neighbor, it indicates the level on
       the LIE MUST NOT be used to derive a ZTP level by
       the receiving node.";
    reference
      "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
       Section 6.7.";
  }
  leaf you-are-sending-too-quickly {
    type boolean;
    description
      "Can be optionally set to indicate to neighbor that
       packet losses are seen on reception based on packet
       numbers or the rate is too high. The receiver SHOULD
       temporarily slow down flooding rates. When this value
       is set to 'true', the flag can be carried in packet.";
  }
}
```

```
    }
    description
      "The elements set in the LIEs.";
  } // lie-elements

grouping link-id-pair {
  leaf local-id {
    type uint32;
    description
      "The local-id of link connect to this neighbor.";
  }
  leaf remote-id {
    type uint32;
    description
      "The remote-id to reach this neighbor.";
  }
  leaf if-index {
    type uint32;
    description
      "The local index of this interface.";
  }
  leaf if-name {
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
      "The name of this interface.";
  }
  uses address-families;
  description
    "A pair of local and remote link-id to identify a link
    between two nodes.";
} // link-id-pair

grouping neighbor-node {
  list link-id-pair {
    key "remote-id";
    uses link-id-pair;
    description
      "The multiple parallel links to this neighbor.";
  }
  leaf cost {
    type uint32;
    description
      "The cost value advertised by the neighbor.";
  }
  leaf bandwidth {
    type uint32;
    units "bits";
    description
      "Total bandwidth to the neighbor, this will be
      normally sum of the bandwidths of all the
      parallel links.";
  }
  container received-link-capabilities {
    uses link-capabilities;
    description
      "The link capabilities advertised by the neighbor.";
  }
  description

```

```
    "The neighbor information indicated in node TIE.";
  } // neighbor-node

grouping neighbor {
  leaf proto-major-ver {
    type uint8;
    description
      "Represents protocol encoding schema major version of
      this neighbor.";
  }
  leaf proto-minor-ver {
    type uint16;
    description
      "Represents protocol encoding schema minor version of
      this neighbor.";
  }
  container sent-offer {
    leaf level {
      type level;
      description
        "The level value.";
    }
    leaf not-a-ztp-offer {
      type boolean;
      description
        "If the value is set to 'true', it indicates the
        level on the LIE MUST NOT be used to derive a
        ZTP level by the neighbor.";
    }
    description
      "The level sent to the neighbor in case the neighbor
      needs to be offered.";
  }
  container received-offer {
    leaf level {
      type level;
      description
        "The level value.";
    }
    leaf not-a-ztp-offer {
      type boolean;
      description
        "If the value is set to 'true', it indicates the
        level on the received LIE MUST NOT be used to
        derive a ZTP level.";
    }
  }
  leaf best {
    type boolean;
    description
      "If the value is set to 'true', it means that
      the level is the best level received from all
      the neighbors.";
  }
  leaf removed-from-consideration {
    type boolean;
    description
      "If the value is set to 'true', it means that
      the level value is not considered to be used.";
```



```
    }
    leaf removal-reason {
      when "../removed-from-consideration='true'" {
        description
          "The level value is not considered to be used.";
      }
      type string;
      description
        "The reason why this value is not considered to
        be used.";
    }
    description
      "The level offered to the interface from the neighbor.
      And if the level value is considered to be used.";
  }
  container received-source-addr {
    uses addresses;
    description
      "The source address of LIE and TIE packets from
      the neighbor.";
  } // received-offer
  uses neighbor-node;
  container received-in-lies {
    uses lie-elements;
    description
      "The attributes received from this neighbor.";
  }
  leaf nbr-flood-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    default "915";
    description
      "The UDP port which is used by the neighbor to flood
      TIEs.";
  }
  leaf tx-flood-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    default "915";
    description
      "The UDP port which is used by the node to flood
      TIEs to the neighbor.";
  }
  leaf bfd-state {
    type enumeration {
      enum up {
        description
          "The link is protected by established BFD session.";
      }
      enum down {
        description
          "The link is not protected by established BFD session.";
      }
    }
    description
      "The link is protected by established BFD session or not.";
  }
  leaf outer-security-key-id {
    type uint8;
    description
```

```
    "The received security key id from the neighbor.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
    Section 6.9.3.";
}
description
  "The neighbor information.";
} // neighbor

grouping link-direction-type {
  leaf link-direction-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum illegal {
        description
          "Illegal direction.";
      }
      enum south {
        description
          "A link to a node one level down.";
      }
      enum north {
        description
          "A link to a node one level up.";
      }
      enum east-west {
        description
          "A link to a node in the same level.";
      }
      enum max {
        description
          "The max value of direction.";
      }
    }
    config false;
    description
      "The type of link.";
  }
  description
    "The type of link.";
} // link-direction-type

grouping tie-direction-type {
  leaf tie-direction-type {
    type enumeration {
      enum illegal {
        description
          "Illegal direction.";
      }
      enum south {
        description
          "The direction to a node one level down.";
      }
      enum north {
        description
          "The direction to a node one level up.";
      }
      enum max {
        description
```

```
        "The max value of direction.";
    }
}
config false;
description
    "The direction type of TIE.";
}
description
    "The direction type of TIE.";
} // tie-direction-type

grouping spf-direction-type {
    leaf spf-direction-type {
        type enumeration {
            enum n-spf {
                description
                    "A reachability calculation that is progressing
                    northbound, as example SPF that is using South
                    Node TIEs only. Normally it progresses a single
                    hop only and installs default routes.";
            }
            enum s-spf {
                description
                    "A reachability calculation that is progressing
                    southbound, as example SPF that is using North
                    Node TIEs only.";
            }
        }
    }
    config false;
    description
        "The direction type of SPF calculation.";
}
description
    "The direction type of SPF calculation.";
} // spf-direction-type

grouping tie-header {
    uses tie-direction-type;
    leaf originator {
        type system-id;
        description
            "The originator's system-id of this TIE.";
    }
    uses tie-type;
    leaf tie-number {
        type uint32;
        description
            "The number of this TIE.";
    }
    leaf seq {
        type uint64;
        description
            "The sequence number of a TIE.";
        reference
            "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
            Section 6.3.1.";
    }
    leaf size {
```

```

    type uint32;
    description
      "The size of this TIE.";
  }
  leaf origination-time {
    type ieee802-1as-timestamp;
    description
      "Absolute timestamp when the TIE was generated.
      This can be used on fabrics with synchronized
      clock to prevent lifetime modification attacks.";
  }
  leaf origination-lifetime {
    type uint32;
    units "seconds";
    description
      "Original lifetime when the TIE was generated.
      This can be used on fabrics with synchronized clock
      to prevent lifetime modification attacks.";
  }
  leaf remaining-lifetime {
    type uint32;
    units "seconds";
    description
      "The remaining lifetime of the TIE.";
  }
  description
    "TIEs are exchanged between RIFT nodes to describe parts
    of a network such as links and address prefixes.
    This is the TIE header information.";
} // tie-header

/*
 * Data nodes
 */

augment "/rt:routing/rt:control-plane-protocols"
  + "/rt:control-plane-protocol" {
  when "derived-from-or-self(rt:type, 'rift:rift')" {
    description
      "This augment is only valid when routing protocol
      instance type is 'RIFT'.";
  }
  description
    "RIFT ( Routing in Fat Trees ) YANG model.";
  list rift {
    key "name";
    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "The RIFT instance's name.";
    }
  }
  container global {
    description
      "The global configuration and status of
      this RIFT protocol instance.";
    uses base-node-info;
    leaf fabric-prefix {
      type inet:ip-prefix;
    }
  }
}

```

```
    description
      "The configured fabric prefix.";
  }
  leaf fabric-prefix-advertise {
    type boolean;
    description
      "Whether the fabric-prefix can be advertised or not.
      If the value is set to 'true', it means that
      the fabric-prefix can be advertised to neighbors.";
  }
  leaf configured-level {
    type level;
    description
      "The configured level value of this node.";
  }
  container overload {
    description
      "If the overload in TIEs can be set
      and the timeout value with according type.";
    leaf overload {
      type boolean;
      description
        "If the value is set to 'true', it means that
        the overload bit in TIEs can be set.";
    }
    choice timeout-type {
      description
        "The value of timeout timer for overloading.
        This makes sense when overload is set to 'TRUE'.";
      case on-startup {
        leaf on-startup-timeout {
          type rt-types:timer-value-seconds16;
          description
            "Node goes into overload until this timer
            expires when starting up.";
        }
      }
      case immediate {
        leaf immediate-timeout {
          type rt-types:timer-value-seconds16;
          description
            "Set overload and remove after the timeout
            expired.";
        }
      }
    }
  }
  leaf proto-major-ver {
    type uint8;
    config false;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "Represents protocol encoding schema major version.";
  }
  leaf proto-minor-ver {
    type uint16;
    config false;
    mandatory true;
  }
```

```
    description
      "Represents protocol encoding schema minor version.";
  }
  container node-capabilities {
    uses hierarchy-indications;
    leaf flood-reduction {
      type boolean;
      description
        "If the node supports flood reduction function.
        If this value is set to 'true', it means that
        the flood reduction function is enabled.";
      reference
        "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
        Section 6.3.8.";
    }
    description
      "The node's capabilities.";
  }
  leaf maximum-nonce-delta {
    if-feature "nonce-delta-adjust";
    type uint8 {
      range "1..5";
    }
    description
      "The configurable valid nonce delta value used for
      security. It is used as vulnerability window.
      If the nonces in received packet exceeds the range
      indicated by this value, the packet MUST be
      discarded.";
    reference
      "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
      Section 6.9.4.";
  }
  leaf nonce-increasing-interval {
    type uint16;
    units "seconds";
    description
      "The configurable nonce increasing interval.";
  }
  leaf adjusted-lifetime {
    type rt-types:timer-value-seconds16;
    units "seconds";
    description
      "The adjusted lifetime may affect the TIE stability.
      Be careful to change this parameter.
      This SHOULD be prohibited less than 2*purge-lifetime.";
  }
  container rx-lie-multicast-addr {
    leaf ipv4 {
      type inet:ipv4-address;
      default "224.0.0.121";
      description
        "The configurable LIE receiving IPv4 multicast
        address.
        Different multicast addresses can be used for
        receiving and sending.";
    }
    leaf ipv6 {
```

```
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    default "ff02::a1f7";
    description
      "The configurable LIE receiving IPv6 multicast
      address.
      Different multicast addresses can be used for
      receiving and sending.";
  }
  description
    "The configurable LIE receiving IPv4/IPv6 multicast
    address.
    Different multicast addresses can be used for
    receiving and sending.";
}
container tx-lie-multicast-addr {
  leaf ipv4 {
    type inet:ipv4-address;
    description
      "The configurable LIE sending IPv4 multicast
      address.
      Different multicast addresses can be used for
      receiving and sending.";
  }
  leaf ipv6 {
    type inet:ipv6-address;
    description
      "The configurable LIE sending IPv6 multicast
      address.
      Different multicast addresses can be used for
      receiving and sending.";
  }
  description
    "The configurable LIE sending IPv4/IPv6 multicast
    address.
    Different multicast addresses can be used for
    receiving and sending.";
}
leaf lie-tx-port {
  type inet:port-number;
  default "914";
  description
    "The UDP port of LIE packet sending. The default port
    number is 914. The value can be set to other value
    associated with different RIFT instance.";
}
container global-link-capabilities {
  uses link-capabilities;
  description
    "The node default link capabilities. It can be
    overwritten by the configuration underneath interface
    and neighbor.";
}
leaf tide-generation-interval {
  type rt-types:timer-value-seconds16;
  units "seconds";
  description
    "The TIDE generation interval.";
}
```

```
list tie-security {
  if-feature "tie-security";
  key "security-type";
  uses security;
  description
    "The security function used for the TIE exchange.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
    Section 6.9.3.";
}
leaf inner-security-key-id {
  type uint8;
  description
    "The inner security key id for received packet
    checking.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
    Section 6.9.3.";
}
leaf algorithm-type {
  type enumeration {
    enum spf {
      description
        "The algorithm is SPF.";
    }
    enum all-path {
      description
        "The algorithm is all-path.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The possible algorithm types.";
}
container hal {
  config false;
  leaf hal-value {
    type level;
    description
      "The highest defined level value seen from all
      valid level offers received.";
  }
  leaf-list system-ids {
    type system-id;
    description
      "The node's system-id of the offered level comes
      from.";
  }
  description
    "The highest defined level and the offered nodes set.";
}
leaf-list miscabled-links {
  type uint32;
  config false;
  description
    "List of miscabled links.";
}
leaf hop-limit {
  type uint8 {
```



```
    range "1 | 255";
  }
  default "1";
  description
    "The IPv4 TTL or IPv6 HL used for LIE and TIE
    sending/receiving.";
}
leaf maximum-clock-delta {
  type ieee802-1as-timestamp;
  description
    "The maximum drift for the timestamp comparing.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
    Section 6.8.4.";
}
}
list interfaces {
  key "name";
  leaf link-id {
    type uint32;
    config false;
    description
      "The local id of this interface.";
  }
  leaf name {
    type if:interface-ref;
    description
      "The interface's name.";
  }
  leaf cost {
    type uint32;
    description
      "The cost from this interface to the neighbor.";
  }
  leaf rx-flood-port {
    type inet:port-number;
    default "915";
    description
      "The UDP port which is used to receive flooded
      TIEs. The default port number is 915. The value
      can be set to other value associated with different
      RIFT instance.";
  }
  leaf holdtime {
    type rt-types:timer-value-seconds16;
    units "seconds";
    default "3";
    description
      "The holding time of LIE.";
  }
}
uses address-families;
container advertised-source-addr {
  uses addresses;
  description
    "The address used in the advertised LIE and TIE
    packets.";
}
uses link-direction-type;
```

```
leaf broadcast-capable {
  type boolean;
  description
    "If LIE can be received by broadcast address.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
     Section 6.2.";
}
leaf allow-horizontal-link {
  type boolean;
  description
    "If horizontal link adjacency is allowed.";
}
container security {
  if-feature "link-security";
  uses security;
  description
    "The security function used for this interface.";
  reference
    "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
     Section 6.9.3.";
}
leaf security-checking {
  type enumeration {
    enum no-checking {
      description
        "The security envelope does not be checked.";
    }
    enum permissive {
      description
        "The security envelope checking is permissive.";
    }
    enum loose {
      description
        "The security envelope checking is loose.";
    }
    enum strict {
      description
        "The security envelope checking is strict.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The possible security checking types.
     Only one type can be set at the same time.";
}
leaf was-the-last-lie-accepted {
  type boolean;
  config false;
  description
    "If the value is set to 'true', it means that
     the most recently received LIE was accepted.
     If the LIE was rejected, the neighbor error
     notifications should be used to find the reason.";
}
leaf last-lie-reject-reason {
  type string;
  config false;
  description
```

```
    "Description for the reject reason of the last LIE.";
  }
  container advertised-in-lies {
    config false;
    uses lie-elements;
    description
      "The attributes advertised in the LIEs from
       this interface.";
  }
  container link-capabilities {
    uses link-capabilities;
    description
      "The interface's link capabilities.";
  }
  leaf state {
    type enumeration {
      enum one-way {
        description
          "The initial state.";
      }
      enum two-way {
        description
          "Valid LIE received but not a ThreeWay LIE.";
      }
      enum three-way {
        description
          "Valid ThreeWay LIE received.";
      }
      enum multiple-neighbors-wait {
        description
          "More than two neighbors found in the same link.";
      }
    }
    config false;
    mandatory true;
    description
      "The states of LIE finite state machine.";
    reference
      "RFC 9692: RIFT: Routing in Fat Trees.
       Section 6.2.1.";
  }
  list neighbors {
    key "system-id";
    config false;
    uses base-node-info;
    uses neighbor;
    leaf local-nonce {
      type uint16;
      description
        "The exchanged local nonce with this neighbor.";
    }
    leaf remote-nonce {
      type uint16;
      description
        "The exchanged remote nonce to this neighbor.";
    }
  }
  action clear-neighbor {
    description
```

```
        "Clears the connection to the neighbor.";
    }
    description
        "The neighbor's information.";
    }
    action clear-all-neighbors {
        description
            "Clears all the connections to the neighbors
            on this interface.";
    }
    description
        "The interface information on this node.";
} // list interface
container statistics {
    config false;
    container global {
        leaf total-num-routes-north {
            type yang:zero-based-counter32;
            config false;
            description
                "The total number of north routes.";
        }
        leaf total-num-routes-south {
            type yang:zero-based-counter32;
            config false;
            description
                "The total number of south routes.";
        }
    }
    description
        "The global routes number.";
}
list spf-statistics {
    key "spf-direction-type";
    uses spf-direction-type;
    leaf start-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description
            "The last SPF calculation start time.";
    }
    leaf end-time {
        type yang:date-and-time;
        description
            "The last SPF calculation end time.";
    }
    container triggering-tie {
        uses tie-header;
        description
            "The TIE that triggered the SPF.";
    }
    action clear-spf-statistics {
        description
            "Clears the statistics of this type of
            SPF calculation.";
    }
    description
        "The statistics of SPF calculation.";
}
list interfaces {
```

```
key "name";
leaf name {
  type if:interface-ref;
  description
    "The interface's name.";
}
container intf-states-statistics {
  leaf intf-states-startup-time {
    type uint64;
    description
      "The states and statistics record startup time
        of the interface.";
  }
  leaf num-of-nbrs-3way {
    type yang:zero-based-counter32;
    description
      "The number of neighbors which state is in
        ThreeWay.";
  }
  leaf num-of-nbrs-down {
    type yang:zero-based-counter32;
    description
      "The number of neighbors which state
        changed to down.";
  }
  list nbrs-down-reasons {
    key "system-id";
    leaf system-id {
      type system-id;
      description
        "The system-id of neighbor.";
    }
    leaf last-down-reason {
      type string;
      description
        "The last down reason of the neighbor.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The down neighbors and reasons.";
}
leaf num-local-level-change {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of local level changes.";
}
leaf number-of-flaps {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  config false;
  description
    "The number of interface state flaps.";
}
leaf last-state-change {
  type yang:date-and-time;
  config false;
  description
    "Time duration in the current state.";
}
leaf last-up {
```

```
    type yang:date-and-time;
    config false;
    description
      "The last time of up.";
  }
  leaf last-down {
    type yang:date-and-time;
    config false;
    description
      "The last time of down.";
  }
  container intf-lie-states {
    leaf last-lie-sent-time {
      type uint64;
      description
        "The time of the last LIE sent.";
    }
    leaf last-lie-received-time {
      type uint64;
      description
        "The time of the last LIE received.";
    }
    leaf num-lie-received {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The number of received LIEs.";
    }
    leaf num-lie-transmitted {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The number of transmitted LIEs.";
    }
    leaf num-lie-drop-invalid-envelope {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The number of dropped LIEs due to
        invalid outer envelope.";
    }
    leaf num-lie-drop-invalid-nonce {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The number of dropped LIEs due to
        invalid nonce.";
    }
    leaf num-lie-corrupted {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The number of corrupted LIEs received.";
    }
    description
      "The LIE's statistics of this interface.";
  }
  description
    "The states and statistics of this interface.";
}
container flood-repeater-statistics {
  leaf flood-repeater {
    type system-id;
  }
}
```

```
        description
          "The system-id of the current flood repeater.
          If this leaf has no value, that means the neighbor
          is not flood repeater.";
      }
      leaf num-flood-repeater-changes {
        type yang:zero-based-counter32;
        description
          "The number of flood repeater changes.";
      }
      leaf last-flood-repeater-change-reason {
        type string;
        description
          "The reason of the last flood repeater change.";
      }
      description
        "The flood repeater statistics.";
    }
    action clear-intf-statistics {
      description
        "Clears the statistics of this interface.";
    }
    description
      "The statistics of interfaces.";
  }
  list neighbors {
    key "system-id";
    leaf system-id {
      type system-id;
      description
        "The system-id of the neighbor.";
    }
  }
  container tie-state-statistics {
    leaf transmit-queue {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The length of TIE transmit queue.";
    }
  }
  container last-queued-tie {
    uses tie-header;
    leaf reason-queued {
      type string;
      description
        "The queued reason of the last queued TIE.";
    }
  }
  description
    "The last queued TIE for transmit.";
  }
  leaf num-received-ties {
    type yang:zero-based-counter32;
    description
      "The number of TIEs received.";
  }
  }
  leaf num-transmitted-ties {
    type yang:zero-based-counter32;
    description
      "The number of TIEs transmitted.";
  }
  }
```

```
leaf num-retransmitted-ties {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIEs retransmitted.";
}
leaf num-flood-reduced-ties {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIEs that were flood reduced.";
}
leaf num-received-tides {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIDEs received.";
}
leaf num-transmitted-tides {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIDEs transmitted.";
}
leaf num-received-tires {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIREs received.";
}
leaf num-transmitted-tires {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIREs transmitted.";
}
leaf num-request-locally {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIEs requested locally.";
}
leaf num-request-remotely {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of TIEs requested by the neighbor.";
}
leaf num-same-older-ties-received {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of times of the same or older TIE
    has been received.";
}
leaf num-seq-mismatch-pkts-received {
  type yang:zero-based-counter32;
  description
    "The number of packets with sequence number
    mismatches.";
}
container last-sent-tie {
  uses tie-header;
  leaf last-tie-sent-time {
    type yang:date-and-time;
    description
      "The time of the last TIE sent.";
  }
}
```



```
    }
    description
      "The information of the last sent TIE.";
  }
  container last-recv-tie {
    uses tie-header;
    leaf last-tie-recv-time {
      type yang:date-and-time;
      description
        "The time of the last TIE received.";
    }
    description
      "The information of the last received TIE.";
  }
  container largest-tie {
    container largest-tie-sent {
      uses tie-header;
      description
        "The largest TIE sent.";
    }
    container largest-tide-sent {
      uses tie-header;
      description
        "The largest TIDE sent.";
    }
    container largest-tire-sent {
      uses tie-header;
      description
        "The largest TIRE sent.";
    }
    description
      "The largest sent TIE, TIDE and TIRE.";
  }
  container num-tie-dropped {
    leaf num-tie-outer-envelope {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The total number of TIEs dropped due to
        invalid outer envelope.";
    }
    leaf num-tie-inner-envelope {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The total number of TIEs dropped due to
        invalid inner envelope.";
    }
    leaf num-tie-nonce {
      type yang:zero-based-counter32;
      description
        "The total number of TIEs dropped due to
        invalid nonce.";
    }
    description
      "The total number of TIEs dropped due to
      security reasons.";
  }
  description
    "The statistics of TIE, TIDE, TIRE
```

```
        exchanging with this neighbor.";
    }
    action clear-nbr-statistics {
        description
            "Clears the statistics of this neighbor.";
    }
    description
        "The statistics of neighbors.";
}
description
    "The statistics collection.";
}
container database {
    config false;
    list ties {
        key "tie-direction-type originator tie-type tie-number";
        description
            "A list of TIEs (Topology Information Elements).";
        uses tie-header;
        container node {
            leaf level {
                type level;
                config false;
                description
                    "The level of this node.";
            }
            list neighbors {
                key "system-id";
                uses base-node-info;
                uses neighbor-node;
                description
                    "The node TIE information of a neighbor.";
            }
            uses node-capability;
            leaf overload-flag {
                type boolean;
                description
                    "If the value is set to 'true', it means that
                    the overload bit in TIEs is set.";
            }
            leaf name {
                type string;
                description
                    "The name of this node. It won't be used as the
                    key of node, just used for description.";
            }
            leaf pod {
                type uint32;
                description
                    "Point of Delivery. The self-contained vertical
                    slice of a Clos or Fat Tree network containing
                    normally only level 0 and level 1 nodes. It
                    communicates with nodes in other PoDs via the
                    spine. We number PoDs to distinguish them and
                    use PoD #0 to denote 'undefined' PoD.";
            }
            leaf startup-time {
                type uint64;
            }
        }
    }
}
```

```

        description
            "Startup time of the node.";
    }
    leaf-list miscabled-links {
        type uint32;
        config false;
        description
            "List of miscabled links.";
    }
    leaf-list same-plane-tofs {
        type system-id;
        config false;
        description
            "ToFs in the same plane. Only carried by ToF.
            Multiple Node TIEs can carry disjoint sets of
            ToFs which MUST be joined to form a single
            set.";
    }
    leaf fabric-id {
        type uint32;
        config false;
        description
            "The optional ID of the Fabric configured.";
    }
    description
        "The node element information in this TIE.";
} // node
container prefixes {
    description
        "The prefix element information in this TIE.";
    list prefixes {
        key "prefix";
        leaf prefix {
            type inet:ip-prefix;
            description
                "The prefix information.";
        }
        uses tie-type;
        uses prefix-attribute;
        description
            "The prefix set information.";
    }
}
container key-value {
    leaf key {
        type binary;
        description
            "The type of key value combination.";
    }
    leaf value {
        type binary;
        description
            "The value of key value combination.";
    }
    description
        "The information used to distinguish a Key/Value
        pair. When the type of kv is set to 'node',
        node-element is making sense. When the type of

```

```
        kv is set to other values except 'node',
        prefix-info is making sense.";
    } // kv-store
  } // ties
  description
    "The TIEs information in database.";
} // container database
description
  "RIFT configuration and state data.";
} //rift
} //augment

/*
 * Notifications
 */

notification error-set {
  description
    "The errors notification of RIFT.";
  container tie-level-error {
    description
      "The TIE errors notification of RIFT.";
    list rift {
      key "name";
      leaf name {
        type string;
        description
          "The RIFT instance's name.";
      }
      list ties {
        key "originator";
        uses tie-header;
        description
          "The level is undefined in the LIEs.";
      }
      description
        "The TIE errors set.";
    }
  }
}
container neighbor-error {
  description
    "The neighbor errors notification of RIFT.";
  list rift {
    key "name";
    leaf name {
      type string;
      description
        "The RIFT instance's name.";
    }
    list interfaces {
      key "name";
      leaf link-id {
        type uint32;
        description
          "The local id of this interface.";
      }
      leaf name {
        type if:interface-ref;
      }
    }
  }
}
```

```
        description
          "The interface's name.";
      }
      list neighbors {
        key "system-id";
        leaf system-id {
          type system-id;
          description
            "Each node is identified via a system-id which is 64
             bits wide.";
        }
        leaf node-level {
          type level;
          description
            "The level of this node.";
        }
        description
          "The level of the neighbor is wrong.";
      }
      description
        "The interfaces with wrong level neighbor.";
    }
    description
      "The RIFT instance.";
  }
}
}
}
<CODE ENDS>
```

4. Security Considerations

The YANG module specified in this document defines a schema for data that is designed to be accessed via network management protocols such as NETCONF [\[RFC6241\]](#) or RESTCONF [\[RFC8040\]](#). The lowest NETCONF layer is the secure transport layer, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is Secure Shell (SSH) [\[RFC6242\]](#). The lowest RESTCONF layer is HTTPS, and the mandatory-to-implement secure transport is TLS [\[RFC8446\]](#).

The Network Configuration Access Control Model [\[RFC8341\]](#) provides the means to restrict access for particular NETCONF or RESTCONF users to a preconfigured subset of all available NETCONF or RESTCONF protocol operations and content.

There are a number of data nodes defined in this YANG module that are writable/creatable/deletable (i.e., config true, which is the default). These data nodes may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. Write operations (e.g., edit-config) to these data nodes without proper protection can have a negative effect on network operations. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- /rift

Modifying the configuration may cause all the RIFT neighborships to be rebuilt. For example, changing the configuration of configured-level or system-id will lead to all the neighbor connections of this node being rebuilt. The incorrect modification of authentication, except for the broken neighbor connection, will break the connection permanently. The modification of interface will cause the neighbor state to change. In general, unauthorized modification of most RIFT configurations will pose their own set of security risks and the "Security Considerations" in the respective RFCs referenced should be consulted.

Some of the readable data nodes in this YANG module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control read access (e.g., via get, get-config, or notification) to these data nodes. These are the subtrees and data nodes and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- /rift
- /rift/global/tie-security
- /rift/interface
- /rift/interface/neighbor
- /rift/database

The exposure of the database will expose the detailed topology of the network. Network operators may consider their topologies to be sensitive confidential data.

For RIFT authentication, configuration is supported via the specification of key chains [RFC8177] or the direct specification of key and authentication algorithm. Hence, authentication configuration inherits the security considerations of [RFC8177]. This includes the considerations with respect to the local storage and handling of authentication keys.

The actual authentication key data (whether locally specified or part of a key chain) is sensitive and needs to be kept secret from unauthorized parties. Compromise of the key data would allow an attacker to forge RIFT packets that would be accepted as authentic, potentially compromising the entire domain.

Some of the RPC operations in this YANG module may be considered sensitive or vulnerable in some network environments. It is thus important to control access to these operations. These are the operations and their sensitivity/vulnerability:

- /rift/interface/clear-all-neighbors
- /rift/interface/neighbor/clear-neighbor
- /rift/statistics/spf-statistics/clear-spf-statistics
- /rift/statistics/interface/clear-intf-statistics
- /rift/statistics/interface/neighbors/clear-nbr-statistics

Unauthorized access to either of the above action operations can lead to the neighbor connection rebuilding or clearing of statistics on this device.

5. IANA Considerations

Per this document, IANA has registered a URI in the IETF XML registry [RFC3688]. Following the format in [RFC3688], the following registration has been made:

URI: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-rift
Registrant Contact: The IESG
XML: N/A; the requested URI is an XML namespace.

One new YANG module name has been registered in the YANG Module Names registry [RFC6020] as follows:

Name: ietf-rift
Namespace: urn:ietf:params:xml:ns:yang:ietf-rift
Prefix: rift
Reference: RFC 9719

6. References

6.1. Normative References

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- [RFC5881] Katz, D. and D. Ward, "Bidirectional Forwarding Detection (BFD) for IPv4 and IPv6 (Single Hop)", RFC 5881, DOI 10.17487/RFC5881, June 2010, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc5881>>.
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- [RFC6241] Enns, R., Ed., Bjorklund, M., Ed., Schoenwaelder, J., Ed., and A. Bierman, Ed., "Network Configuration Protocol (NETCONF)", RFC 6241, DOI 10.17487/RFC6241, June 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6241>>.
- [RFC6242] Wasserman, M., "Using the NETCONF Protocol over Secure Shell (SSH)", RFC 6242, DOI 10.17487/RFC6242, June 2011, <<https://www.rfc-editor.org/info/rfc6242>>.
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